Atoms and Elements - Keeping Track of Particles

Each element is made of just one kind of atom. The number of protons in the atoms of an element is unique to that element. The number of protons in an atom is called the atomic number.

The mass of an atom depends on the number of its protons and neutrons. The atomic mass of an atom is the sum of the protons and neutrons in the nucleus. The mass of an electron is so small that it is usually omitted in mass determinations.

Part A

Use the periodic chart and the definitions of atomic number and atomic mass to help you fill in the blanks on the table below.

TABLE 1 - Atomic Data for Selected Elements

Element	Symbol	Protons	Neutrons	Number of Electrons	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	★ 10 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1
Oxygen	0	8		8		16
Silicon	Si	14	14			28
Aluminum	Al		14	13	13	
Iron	Fe			ordine di indiacompulja dimenganging seperanjung pangananahkan camala/ye/goldaka	26	56
Calcium	Ca	20		20		
Sodium	Na				11	23
Potassium	K	19	20	19		
Magnesium	Mg				12	24
Gold	Au	79				197
Silver	Ag		61	47		·

PART B

Study the diagram of a model of a helium atom below. Use your knowledge of atomic number, atomic mass, and the model atom to identify and complete the models.

FIGURE 1

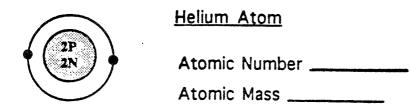
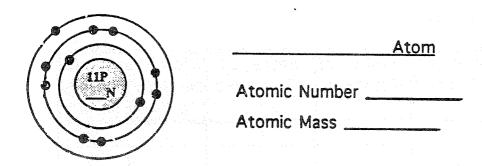


FIGURE 2

Atom	
Atomic Number	
Atomic Mass	-

FIGURE 3



PART C

In the space below, diagram the <u>nucleus</u> of each of the elements listed in Table 1. Be sure to list the number of protons and neutrons in each nucleus.